

Notes and References

Rousseau and Marx: A Utopia to Lose, a Utopia to Win

Naima K. Gupta

1. Rousseau, "A Discourse on the Origin and Basis of Inequality Among Men".
2. Rousseau, "A Discourse on the Origin and Basis of Inequality Among Men".
3. Rousseau, "A Discourse on the Origin and Basis of Inequality Among Men".
4. Rousseau, "The Social Contract".
5. Marx and Engels, "The Communist Manifesto".
6. Marx and Engels, "The Communist Manifesto".
7. Rousseau, "Discourse on the Origin and Basis of Inequality Among Men".
8. Rousseau, "Discourse on the Origin and Basis of Inequality Among Men".
9. Marx and Engels, "The Communist Manifesto".
10. Both Rousseau and Marx were responsible for influencing later periods in history, namely the Reign of Terror and the Bolshevik Revolution. Both these events were spells of violence and are regarded as some of the darkest periods in history. Now we know neither Marx nor Rousseau predicted this and they may or may not have approved.
11. Marx and Engels, "The Communist Manifesto".
12. Marx and Engels, "The Communist Manifesto".
13. Rousseau, "Discourse on the Origin and Basis of Inequality Among Men".
14. Marx and Engels, "The Communist Manifesto".
15. Marx and Engels, "The Communist Manifesto".

Bibliography

Primary Sources:

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Marx, Karl. "*The Communist Manifesto*". New York: Oxford, 2008.

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<http://www.academia.edu/2409730/Rousseau_and_Marx_on_Equality_Paradise_Lost_Paradise_Restored>

Miller, James. "*Rousseau: Dreamer of Democracy*". *Google Books* online.